

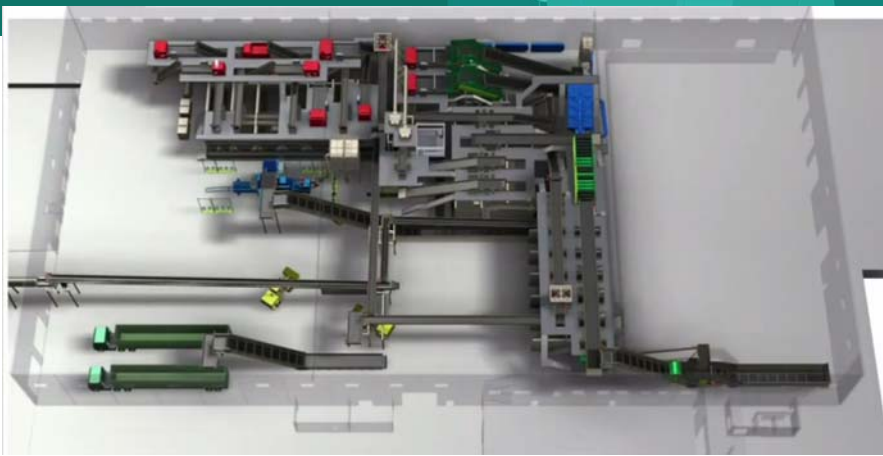
Processing Equipment and Recovery, from MRFs to MWPFs

September 2016






By
Bradley Kelley, Senior Project Engineer
Gershman, Brickner & Bratton, Inc.



Processing System



Source: BHS/Infinitus

Powered by  In Collaboration with    

10 Types of Major Processing Equipment

1. Conveyors (Metal and Rubber belt) including Sorting Conveyors
2. Bag Openers
3. Primary Shredders
4. Screens
5. Ferrous Magnets
6. Eddy Current Units
7. Air Separation Systems
8. Optical Sorting Systems
9. Secondary Shredders
10. Densification Systems

Powered by



In Collaboration with



Conveyors – Moving the Material



Powered by



In Collaboration with



Source: BHS



Conveyor Types in MRFs

- Slider Bed
 - Used as Sort Conveyors and general applications
- Idler Conveyor
 - Generally used for fines or abrasive materials
- Chainbelt Conveyor
 - Used for System Infeed, Baler Infeed or very steep applications

Powered by

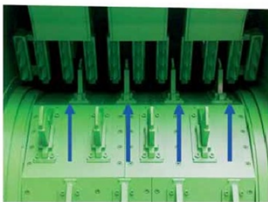
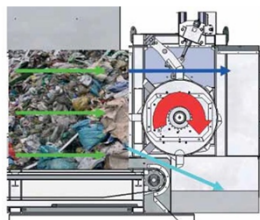


In Collaboration with



Bag Breakers – Liberate the Material

- Open bags but not damage materials
- Offline or Inline
- NOT a shredder!



Source: Matthiassen, GBB Site Visit

Powered by



In Collaboration with



Primary Shredders – Resize the Material

- Open Bags
- Protect Downstream Equipment
- Size for Secondary Shredding



Powered by



In Collaboration with



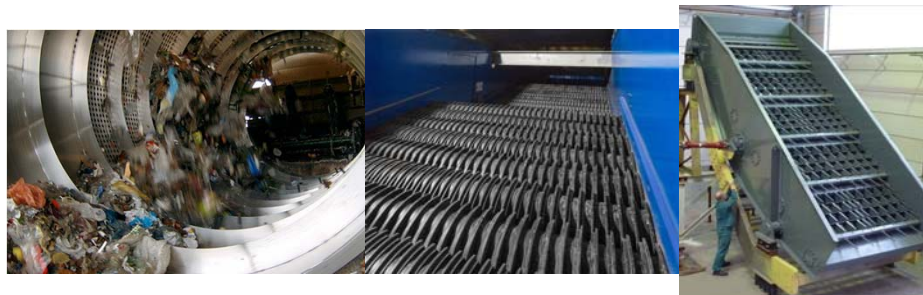
Source: SSI, Lindner



Waste 360
Recycling Summit

Screens – Separate Material by Size

- Three main types of Screens
 - Trommel Screen, Disc Screen, Vibratory Screen



Source: www.ecocycle.org, Jost, BHS

Powered by



In Collaboration with



Waste 360
Recycling Summit

Fines Screening

- Generally removes 2"-3" and under- (referred to as 2" minus)
- To remove:
 - Fines such as dirt
 - Glass
 - Organics
 - Inerts such as Ceramics
- Trommel, Disk and Vibratory Screen can be used

Powered by



In Collaboration with



OCC/Scalping Screening

- Separates large, flat, and relatively stiff items usually over 18"x18" in size
- To recover:
 - Cardboard
 - Bulky Plastics
- Disk Screen usually used but Trommel occasionally utilized

Powered by



In Collaboration with



2D/3D Separators – Separate Fiber from

- Two types, Polishing Disk Screen and Ballistic Separator Screen
- Three Sorts – Flats over top, fines through middle, 3D objects off the back
- Items that behave as paper will also travel over the top
- Items that behave as containers will fall off the back

Powered by



In Collaboration with



2D/3D Separators

Ballistic Screen



Source: Machinex

Polishing Disc Screen



Source: CP

Powered by



In Collaboration with



Magnets – Recover Ferrous Steel

Belt Magnet



Source: Bunting Magnets

Drum Magnet



Source: Machinery.net

Powered by



In Collaboration with

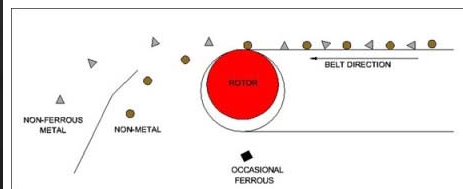


Eddy Current Separators (ECS) – Recover Aluminum

- Recommend Eccentric rotors and Magnet before ECS
- Size dependent, usually <2" or between 2"-12" sizes
- Very effective on Al and some Copper, less so on Brass



Source: Steinert



Source: Magnapower

Powered by



In Collaboration with



Air Classification – Separate by Density



Air Drum Separators and Aspirators

Powered by



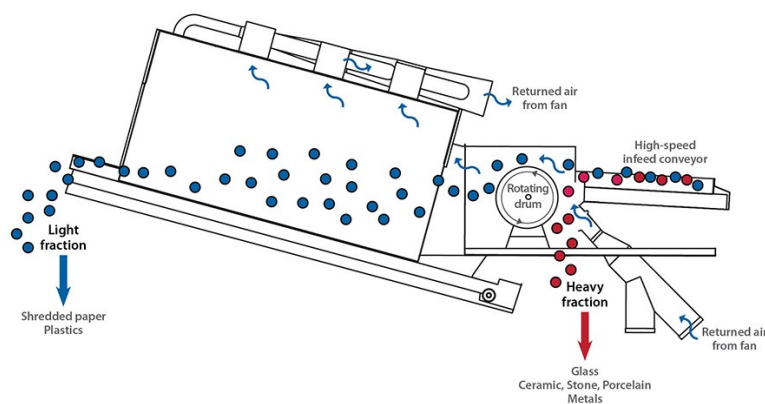
In Collaboration with



Source: BHS, Nihot



Air Drum Separator



Powered by



In Collaboration with



Source: Nihot



Container Optical Units – Separate by Resin Type



Powered by



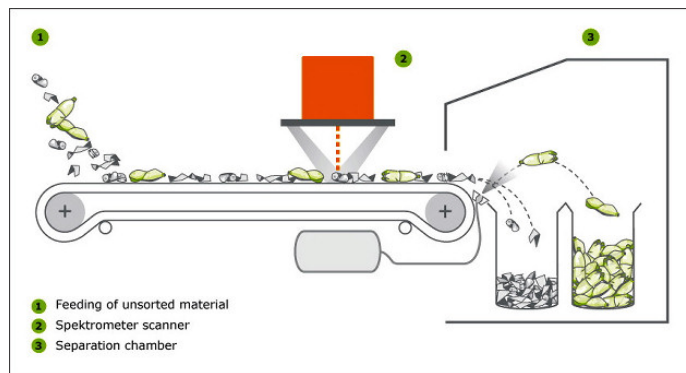
In Collaboration with



Source: GBB Site Visit



Container Optical Units



Source: TiTech

Powered by



In Collaboration with



Densification: Bales and Pellets

- Primarily for Transportation



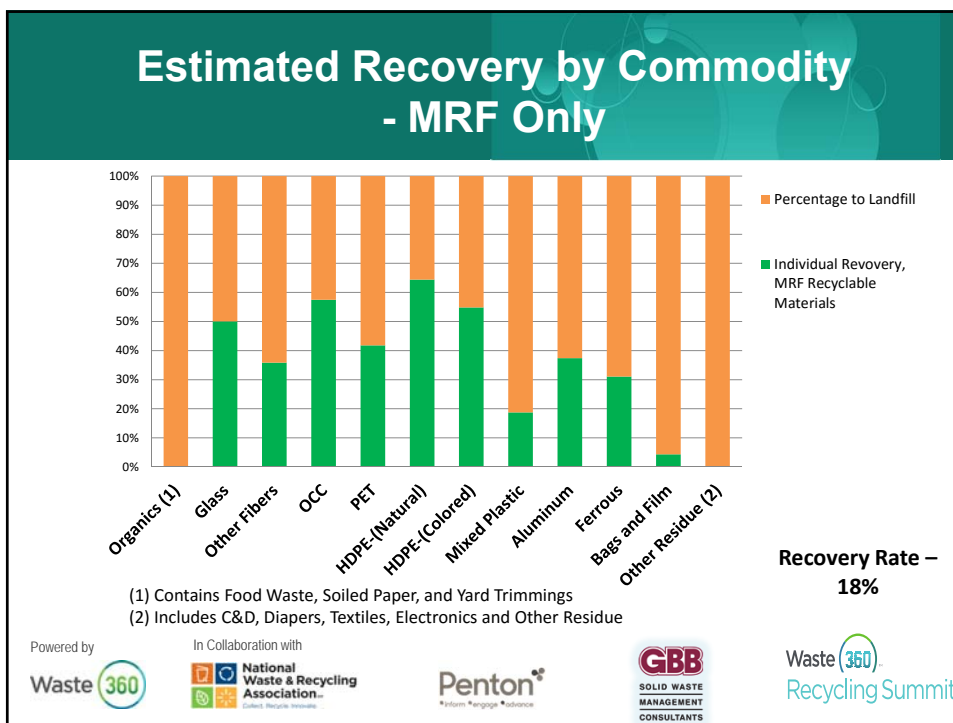
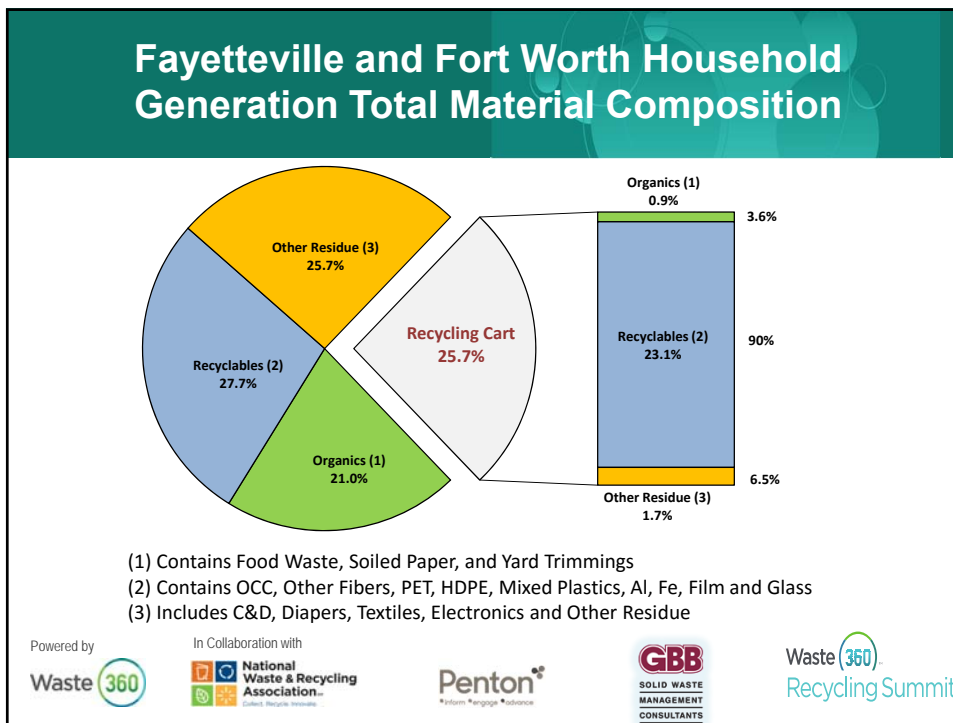
Source: GBB/Harris Baler, Warren and Baerg

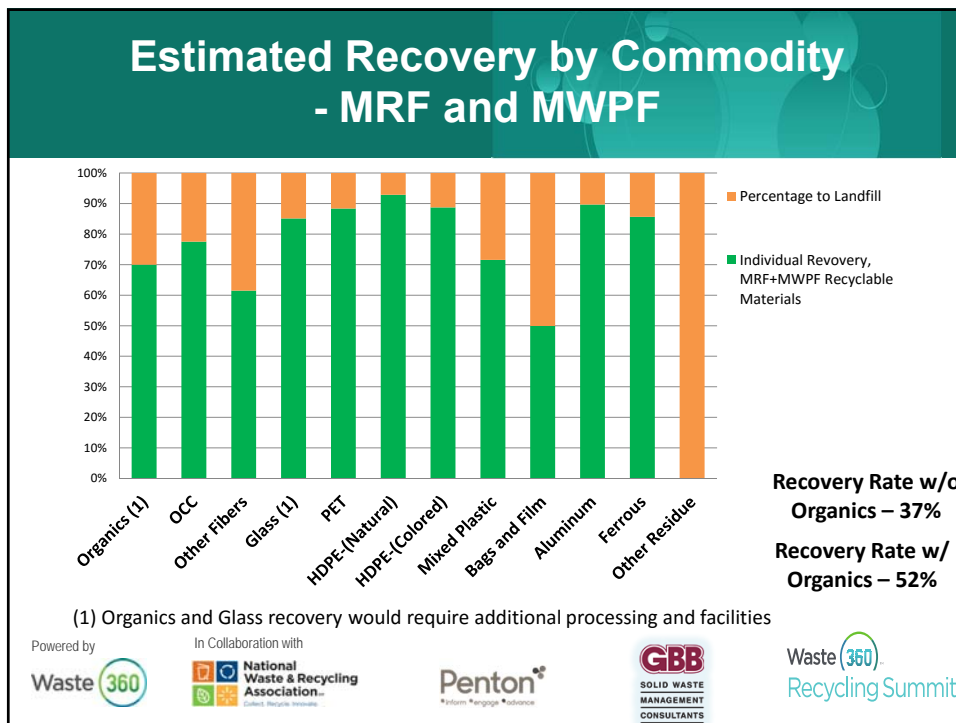


Recovery Efficiency

- All methods of recovery, including manual, have a rate of efficiency of less than 100%
- Efficiency will vary based on material, type of automation, level of maintenance, and even weather
- In general, a MRF will be more efficient than MWPF due to nature of material







Conclusions

- Choices of equipment are highly dependent on goals and material characteristics
- Increased participation can increase non-program residue at MRF
- Economics must be sustainable and risks and rewards must be shared
- Landfill prices drive materials into the ground
- Can only recover what the material gives you!

Powered by Waste 360
In Collaboration with National Waste & Recycling Association, Penton, GBB Solid Waste Management Consultants, Waste 360 Recycling Summit

Additional Resources

American Chemistry Council Reports:

*The Evolutions of Mixed Waste Processing Facilities –
1970 – Today*

And

*Supplemental Report: The Evolution of Mixed Waste
Processing Facilities – Technology and Equipment Guide*

Links found at www.gbbinc.com

Powered by



In Collaboration with



Thank you!

Bradley Kelley, BSME

bkelly@gbbin.com

www.gbbinc.com

1-800-573-5801

Powered by



In Collaboration with

