

# *Anaerobic Digestion (AD) to Manage Food Waste – Worth Considering?*

Lori Scozzafava  
Gershman, Brickner & Bratton, Inc.

Municipal Waste Management Association Summit  
November 17, 2016



## GBB Overview

- Established in 1980
- Solid Waste and Technology Consultants
- Helping Clients Turn Problems into Opportunities
- Located in Fairfax, VA

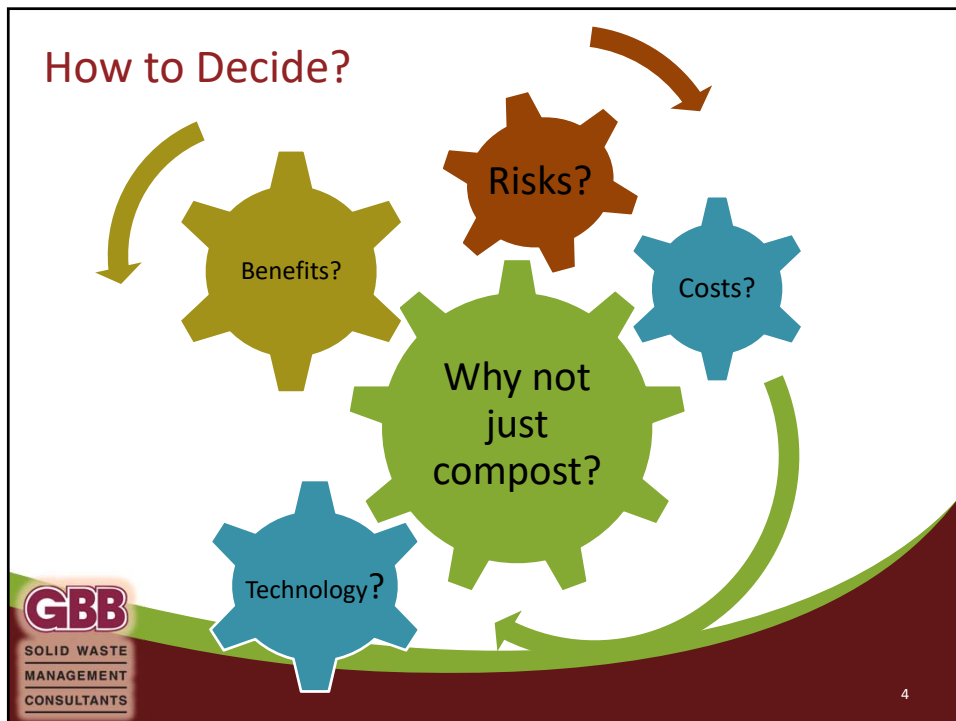


## GBB's Waste Consulting Services

- Economic, technical and environmental reviews
- Procurements
- Due diligence third-party reviews
- Waste characterization and sourcing
- Process planning and conceptual designs
- Independent feasibility consultant



3



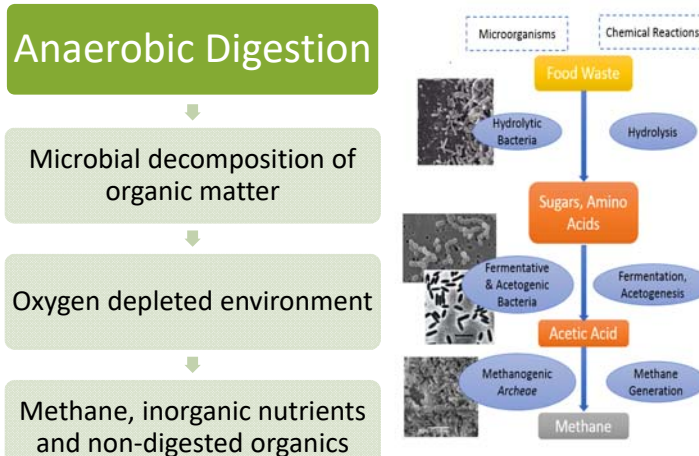
## Anaerobic digestion

- Microbial decomposition of organic matter into methane, carbon dioxide, inorganic nutrients and non-digested organics in oxygen depleted environment and presence of the hydrogen gas.
- Complementary to composting
- Results in biogas/ electricity and Compost/soil amendment



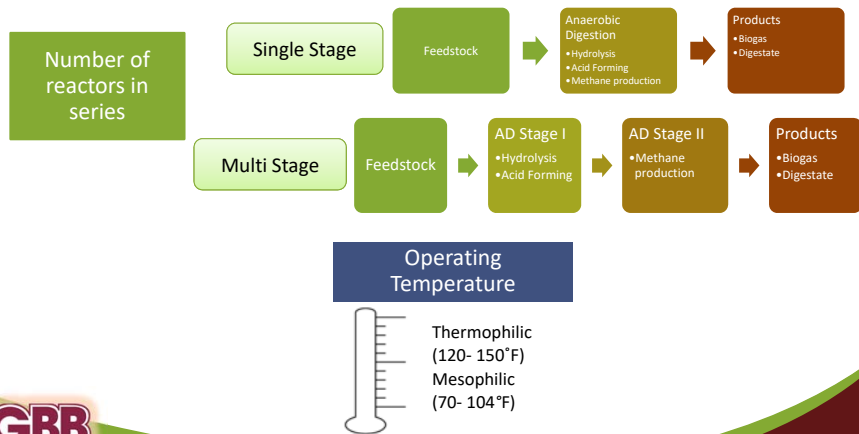
5

## What is Anaerobic Digestion?



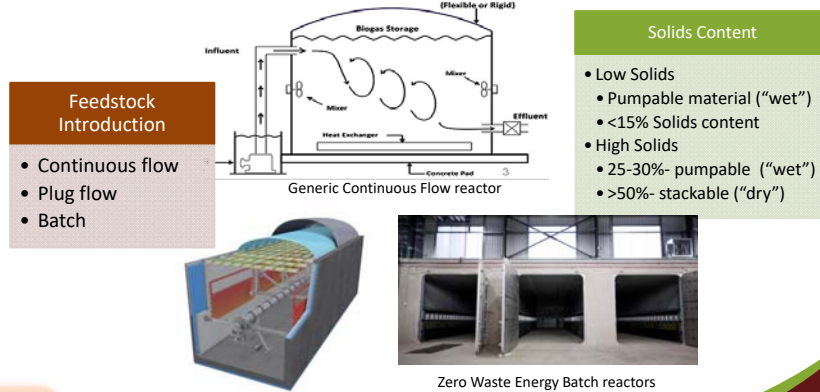
6

## Classification of AD Technologies I



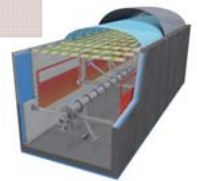
7

## Classification of AD Technologies II



- Feedstock Introduction**
- Continuous flow
  - Plug flow
  - Batch

- Solids Content**
- Low Solids
  - Pumpable material ("wet")
  - <15% Solids content
  - High Solids
  - 25-30%- pumpable ("wet")
  - >50%- stackable ("dry")




Eisenmann Plug Flow Reactor

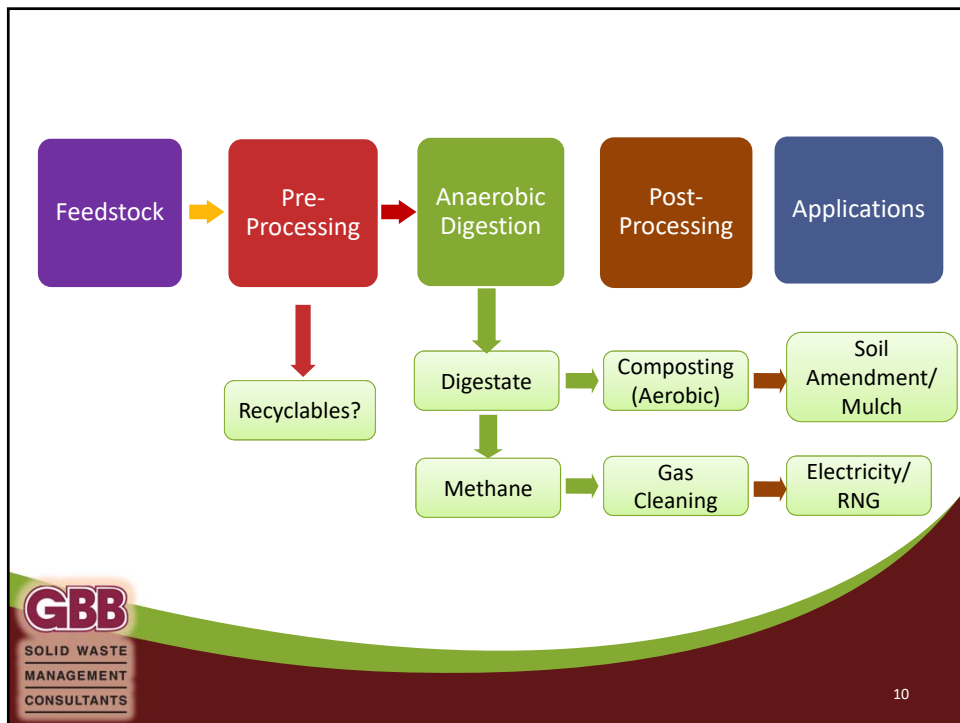


8

## ANAEROBIC DIGESTION IMPLEMENTATION IN SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT



9



## AD Feedstocks

Other Sources for Organic Materials




Grocers

Restaurants and Cafeterias


Urban Farms

Food Processing Industries

Curbside Collections

Source: Getty Images
Source: Seattle Public Utilities

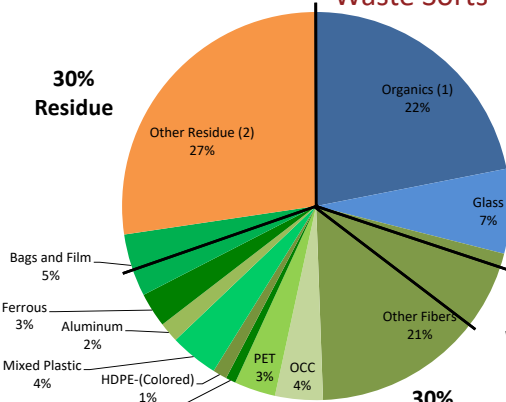


11


## Municipal Solid Waste (MSW)

Residential MSW Composition from Actual Waste Sorts

Feedstock



Source: Compilation of Sort Data from Fayetteville, NC and Fort Worth, TX



12

Feedstock

## Organics from MSW

- Requires Pre-Processing Equipment
- Can be an output from a Mixed Waste Processing Facility that can also recover recyclables
- Not as clean for re-use as Source Separated Organics




13

Pre-Processing

## Pre-Processing Organics for AD

- Pre-Processing for Wet Digestion
  - More Intensive to break down organic material, remove residue, and achieve the correct solids content (Processor Dependent)
- Pre-Processing for Dry Digestion
  - Source Separated may need yard waste mulch added to achieve stackability
  - MSW needs equipment to separate from other materials but can then be processed directly



14

## Pre-Processing of Feedstocks

Pre-Processing

Source Separated (Dry AD)



Source: GBB Visit to Zero Waste – Monterey, CA

Source Separated (Wet AD)



Source: Kompogas



**GBB**  
SOLID WASTE  
MANAGEMENT  
CONSULTANTS


15

## Pre-Processing of Feedstock


Pre-Processing

Mechanical Separation from MSW


Organic Fines After Screening



Prior to Loading in Bunkers (Dry)



Source: GBB Visit to Republic Newby Island /ZeroWaste San Jose





**GBB**  
SOLID WASTE  
MANAGEMENT  
CONSULTANTS

16




## AD Process – Gas Production

Anaerobic  
Digestion



Source: GBB Visit to ZeroWaste  
Monterey, CA

Source: GBB Visit to Quasar –  
Wooster, Ohio



17

## AD Process – Digestate

Anaerobic  
Digestion


Dry AD

Wet AD



Source: GBB Visit to Zero Waste – Monterey, CA

Source:  
Komlogas

18

Post-Processing

## Post-Processing of Digestate

- Wet Digestate
  - Requires dewatering and may need additional drying
- Dry Digestate
  - Screening (Separation by Size)
  - Air Classification (Separation by Weight)
  - Optical Units (NIR, X-Ray)



Post-Processing

## Processing of the Digestate Some Equipment Used



Mobile Screen

Source: GBB Visit to Zero Waste – Monterey, CA



Densimetric Table

Source: Van Dyk




## Applications - Compost


Source Separated Organics

Applications


Maturing Windrows



Screened Final Compost



Source: GBB Visit to Zero Waste – Monterey, CA



21

## Applications – Soil Amendment

MSW Sourced Organics

Applications

Maturing Windrows



Screened Final Product



Source: GBB Visit to Zero Waste – San Jose, CA




22

## Applications – Methane Gas


Applications

### IC Engine/Electricity and Heat




Source: GBB Visit to Zero Waste –  
Monterey, CA


### Renewable Natural Gas (RNG)



Source: CleanEnergy

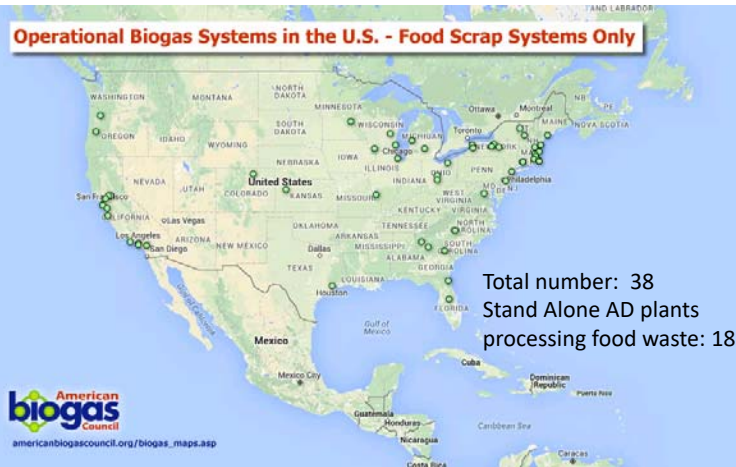
23

## ANAEROBIC DIGESTION IN THE US

24

## Technologies and Risk

Alternative	Risks/Liability	Risk Summary
Mass burn	Proven commercial technology	Very Low
Aerobic Composting	Proven commercial technology	Very Low
RDF/Fluid Bed	Proven technology; limited U.S. commercial experience	Moderate to Low
Anaerobic Digestion	Proven technology; limited U.S. commercial experience	Moderate to Low
Pyrolysis	Previous failures at scale, uncertain commercial potential; no operating experience with large -scale operations	High
Gasification	Limited operating experience at only small scale; subject to scale-up issues	High

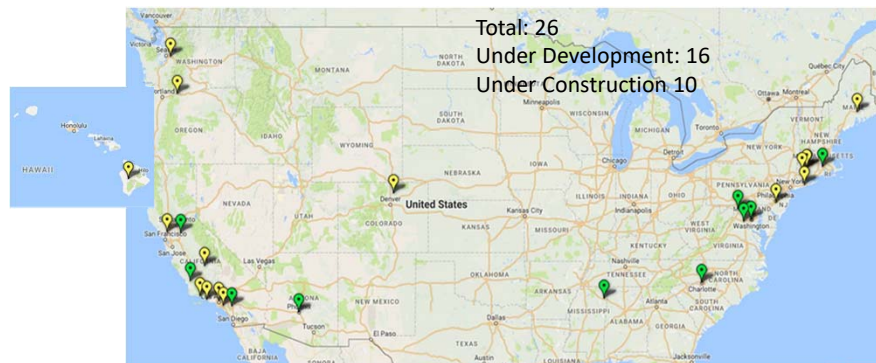


## Facilities and Market Leaders

- Privately financed, owned and operated
- Commercial food waste
- Organics from MSW
- Mixed with yard waste



## Projects Under Development & Construction



Yellow- under development  
Green- Under construction



## System Economics

- Tipping fees at operating plants:
  - \$40-\$100/ton
  - Cleaner the feedstock lower the tipping fee
- Capital expenses
  - Different for different types of AD
  - \$300-\$500 per installed annual ton of capacity
- Operating Expenses
  - 2-3% of the Capital Expenses per ton processed



29

## Revenue Sources

- Electricity/ biogas sale
- Digestate/ fertilizer sale
- RINs
  - \$0.90-\$1.80/"gallon" (77,000 BTUs) for biogas>vehicle fuel
  - Types for biogas: D3 cellulosic advanced and D5 advanced
- Low Carbon Fuel Standard (LCFS), CA
  - Metric Tons of Carbon Dioxide equivalent (MTCO<sub>2e</sub>) avoided
  - \$85-\$100 per credit
- RECs (eligibility depends of the state)
  - \$20/MWh – PJM value
- Production Tax Credit-
  - Section 45: Open/closed-loop Biomass (electricity)
    - 1.15 cents/kWh (x2 for closed loop)



30

## Capital Funding

- Investment Tax Credit-
  - Section 45: Open/closed-loop Biomass (electricity)
    - 30% of qualifying property (capital costs)
    - Must “commence construction,” safe harbor 5% or complete “Physical work of a significant nature” by December 31, 2016
  - H.R.5489 — Agriculture Environmental Stewardship Act of 2016 (non-electricity)
    - 30% ITC for:
      - Non-Electricity Biogas Systems (heat, fuel)
      - Nutrient Recovery Systems
  - Loan Guaranteed
  - Private investment sources



31

## Drivers

- High recycling and diversion goals (up to 80%)
- Zero waste goals
- Food waste disposal bans/mandates-VT, CT, CA, MA and RI
- Recognition of the food waste as a feedstock for AD plants and biogas production
  - Biogas as a fuel from organic waste included in the RFS2 under advanced fuel qualifying for the D3/D5 RINs
- Financial support for infrastructure development
- Availability of private financing



32



## Trends

- From private initiatives to bigger involvement of the public sector
- More world leading technology developers coming to the US
- Wastewater treatment plants interested in using excess AD capacity for food waste
- Part of complex solutions for mixed waste processing (MBT concept)



33

Questions and comments?

***Thank you!***

Lori Scozzafava: [lscozzafava@gbbinc.com](mailto:lscozzafava@gbbinc.com)

1-800-573-5801

[www.gbbinc.com](http://www.gbbinc.com)



34